

# CACC

## NEWSLETTER

April 15, 1983

### THE PRIMARY OBJECTIVE OF THE SOVIET UNION

The primary objective of the leaders of the Soviet Union is the communist conquest of the world. All foreign and domestic policies are subordinate to this goal.

This is not an accusation made by fanatical anti-communists. It is the calm and proud boast of the Soviet leaders themselves.

Konstantin Chernenko was considered a likely successor to Leonid Brezhnev, but Yuri Andropov defeated him in the quest for that position. He is believed to hold second rank in the hierarchy of Soviet power. Writing in the December, 1982 issue of the international communist journal, PROBLEMS OF PEACE AND SOCIALISM, which is published in the U.S.A. with the title "World Marxist Review", Chernenko states:

"Internationalism, in the sense in which Marx, Engels and Lenin understood it and the CPSU practices it, is a principled stance that is incompatible with the pursuit of short-term advantages or with any concessions to nationalist sentiments and presupposes a readiness to make sacrifices, if need be, in the name of the sacred solidarity with one's class brothers. 'Soviet power gave the world dictatorship of the proletariat and world revolution priority over any national sacrifices, however had they may be,' Lenin write. The CPSU has repeatedly proved its loyalty to that behest by Lenin." (Soviet World Outlook, February 15, 1983, page 8)

### HOW MARX, ENGELS AND LENIN VIEWED NATIONALISM AND INTERNATIONALISM

The devotion of Marx, Engels and Lenin to world communist conquest is proclaimed clearly and repeatedly by word and deed.

In their "Manifesto of the Communist Party", Marx and Engels spurned nationalism and exalted internationalism. They state:

"The working men have no country. We cannot take from them what they have not got." (Page 71)

"National differences and antagonism between peoples are daily more and more vanishing, owing to the development of the bourgeoisie, to freedom of commerce, to the world market, to uniformity in the mode of production and in the conditions of life corresponding thereto." (Page 71)

The worldwide prevalence of national strife shouts the absurdity of this conclusion.

Marx and Engels conclude the Manifesto with the clarion call:

"Let the ruling classes tremble at a Communist revolution. The proletarians have nothing to lose but their chains. They have a world to win. (Page 96)

The conviction that the world was to be won by military means is revealed by the action of Engels in undertaking the study of military science so that he could serve as commander-in-chief of the world proletariat armies.

Lenin's devotion to world revolution was discussed on page 3 of the February 13 edition of the Crusade newsletter, and it is clear from Chernenko's quotation.

### Soviet Policy and Program

The actions of the Soviet Union prove that the claim of Chernenko that the needs of the world revolution have taken precedence over the needs of the Soviet people is no idle boast. Consider the following:

1. The Soviet Union has devoted a very large portion of the national income to building the mightiest military machine the world has ever seen while the standard of living of the Soviet people has remained low. Their military might exceeds by far that which is needed for defensive purposes.
2. The Soviet Union continues to invest \$8 billion each day to sustain the existence and military strength of Communist Cuba. In return they have the services of a mercenary army which can be used instead to Soviet forces wherever the world revolution needs them. Cuban forces are active in Angola, Ethiopia, Nicaragua, Grenada and many other countries.
3. The Soviet Union has not merely proclaimed the Brezhnev Doctrine; the use of its military forces is guided by the Brezhnev Doctrine. This doctrine states that the communist conquest of any country is irreversible; that once communist dictatorship is imposed upon a country, it must be sustained and retained by the support of the international "socialist" community. If the people of any country rise up and threaten to overthrow their communist oppressors, the military forces of the communist empire must be used to quell the popular revolt.

Military actions in conformity with the Brezhnev Doctrine were the invasions by Soviet forces of Hungary, Czechoslovakia and Afghanistan. Another example is the military maneuvers of the Soviet forces in Poland to intimidate the Polish workers and people and restrain their reaction to the imposition of martial law by forces under the domination of the Soviet Union.

4. Enormous expenditure on a vast worldwide campaign of propaganda using books, magazines, newspapers, leaflets, placards, radio, films, mobile libraries and multitudes of propaganda agents.
5. The organization and support of a worldwide network of espionage and subversion agents.
6. The support of national liberation movements and revolutions worldwide.

Each of these programs requires financial and material resources that could be used to raise the standard of living of the Soviet people.

#### The Rhetoric of President Reagan

The American people can thank God that their President, Ronald Reagan, recognizes these facts, understands their significance and possesses the courage to tell the truth. It requires courage because telling the unpalatable truth makes him the object of a storm of criticism and abuse from many in the news media, the universities, and the political opposition.

The truth, however unpleasant and alarming, is the only foundation on which an enlightened and effective program for survival can be built.

#### SOVIET STRATEGY IN SOUTH AFRICA

The Soviet strategy to gain control of South Africa is simple but effective. It has three basic elements:

1. The conquest of South Africa by the "national liberation movement" known as the African National Congress (ANC);
2. The control of the ANC by the South African Communist Party (SACP);
3. The control of the SACP by the Soviet Union.

This strategy is revealed by Yusuf Dadoo, Chairman of the SACP, in an article published in the December, 1982 edition of the communist journal, the WORLD MARXIST REVIEW.

## The Status and Program of the ANC

Dadoo claims that the ANC has the support of the great majority of the people of South Africa:

"The front of the fighters for the victory of the national-democratic revolution is led by the African National Congress (ANC) of South Africa, a vanguard movement which includes Africans, coloreds, Indians, and the most courageous, far-sighted and increasingly democratic-minded section of the white community.

"The ANC, the oldest national liberation organization of the African continent, which recently marked its 70th anniversary, enjoys unprecedented influence and authority among the masses. Its role in shaping the country's destinies is contested neither by friend nor foe and the movement it leads is the only real alternative to the existing regime. The authorities banned the ANC but could not reduce its influence among the masses. Evidence of this is the full support given to its program, strategy and tactics, slogans and initiatives by toiling masses. (Pages 18 and 19)

## The Influence of the Example of Angola, Mozambique and Zimbabwe

The confidence of the communist leader, Dadoo, that the ANC will rule South Africa is strengthened by the success which the "national liberation movements" have already achieved in Angola, Mozambique and Zimbabwe:

"Qualitatively new political and material conditions for the struggle of the emancipation forces in South Africa have taken shape as a result of the victory of the peoples of Angola and Mozambique. It has had the most profound psychological impact on the South African masses and has given them the confidence that it is possible to win liberation even within the lifetime of the present generation. Their faith was further reinforced after the fall of the Smith-Muzorewa regime in Rhodesia which seriously undermined the racist positions in the South of Africa." (Page 18)

## International Support of ANC

Another confidence-building factor is the support the ANC is receiving from the international community:

"The growing international solidarity with the South African patriots adds strength to the Black majority and deepens the isolation of the Pretoria authorities." (Page 18)

## Terrorism

Terrorism is playing the most important role in the program of the ANC:

"The armed struggle is being carried on by Umkhonto we Sizwe, the military wing of the ANC. Its large-scale combat operations, above all against military-industrial enterprises and strategic installations, have now become commonplace...

"They owe this to support from the population. In the midst of the masses, the Umkhonto fighters are like fish in water; they are given help, supplies and refuge. The national liberation army could not have existed without such a mass base." (Page 19)

Terrorism is supported by activity in many other areas:

"A distinctive feature of the present stage of the liberation battles is the blend and close interlacing of various forces of struggle: armed operations by the combat Umkhonto we Sizwe (Spear of the Nation) contingents, the mounting strike movements, mass action by students, protests by the dispossessed in the poor Black townships and locations, and organized political campaigns." (Page 18)

## The Communists and the ANC

The relationship between the ANC and the communists is similar to that which exists between the Trade Unions and the Communists in the Soviet Union. Lenin describes this relationship thus:

"In its work, the Party relies directly on the trade unions, which... are formally non-party. Actually, all the directing bodies of the vast majority of the unions, and primarily of course, of all-Russian (Central Council of Trade Unions) consist of Communists and carry out all the directives of the Party." [Left Wing Communism, An Infantile Disorder, page 53 (Foreign Languages Publishing House, Moscow, 1950 edition)]

Dadoo makes no secret of the power of the SACP within the ANC. He states:

"The national liberation movement in South Africa largely owes its present scope and clarity of perspectives to our party's tireless activity in the organizational, political and ideological spheres. The well-thought and clear cut concepts and tenets based on the theory of scientific socialism are now no longer the exclusive asset of the communists, but have been variously spread to broad sections of the fighters for liberation." (Page 24)

"Many communists have risen to leading posts in various sectors of the national liberation movement." (Page 24)

"We are a party of fighters and activists working in the very midst of the masses. The communist--leaders and rank-and-file members--have initiated, organized and taken part in all the battles against the racist oppressors. We were also a party to the decision to go over to armed struggle. There are many communists among the Umkhonto we Sizwe combat units, including their commanders." (Page 24L)

#### Aid of the Soviet Union

The aid of the Soviet Union is acknowledged:

"South African revolutionaries deeply appreciate the all-round assistance rendered them by the socialist countries headed by the Soviet Union." (Page 23)

If South Africa falls to communism, the Soviet Union will have taken a giant step towards its objective of encircling and demoralizing the U.S.A. This is obvious from economic and geographical realities. South Africa is the major source of strategic minerals essential to U.S. military defenses such as chrome, manganese, and platinum; and it is strategically located on the vital sea lanes that go round the Cape of Good Hope.

(A copy of the complete article by Yusuf Dadoo will be provided on request.)

#### THE LIFE AND DEATH OF COMMUNIST IDEALISM

One of the changes that has taken place in the Communist Party during the past several decades is that the naive idealism, which was formerly characteristic of many youthful communist recruits, has largely disappeared. The vision through the rose-colored spectacles, worn by the typical communist recruit of a generation ago, is described in a passage from the recent book, "Scenes of Revolutionary Life," by Judah Waten.

A young Australian communist named Tom is attending a meeting of the communists in England in the early 1930's. His reaction is described in this passage:

"Uplifted as it were, and starry-eyed, Tom suddenly saw all the Communists in this high-ceilinged room as angels, selfless and pure. This was the microcosm Communist movement. It was no conspiracy; it was the movement of the twentieth century, a movement that was spreading to every corner of the world, the most truly universal movement in the history, consisting of men and women just like those here, mostly unknown, humbly fighting for a great cause without reward or recognition. Ultimately they would receive a respect that would be denied to many who today strutted large upon the stage as the leaders of capitalism... The life history of party members everywhere was in every way a record of individual courage, honesty and loyalty to their fellow human beings. The glory of the record of such people was the streak of light which illuminated an otherwise sordid world and cynical period in the history of corrupt society." (Page 94)

Things are different today. What are the qualities which the elder of the Communist Party, U.S.A., Gus Hall, expects to find in current communist recruits? He describes them when discussing the formation of the new communist youth

organization:

"Now, what kind of youth will the new organization attract? Obviously, the angry and the rebellious. All the young people who are looking for a way out a way to fight back. Those who have an adventurous spirit.

"Who are you going to sign up as members? Basically, non-Communists, non-Marxists. You are going to sign up youth who are to one extent or another even influenced by the big lie of anti-Communism. Youth who are still under the influence of racism. Also, some young people who have anti-working class and male supremacist ideas." (Political Affairs, January 1983, page 5)

this change from idealism to cynicism has taken place in the U.S.A. and other western countries. We are also assured by Solzhenitsyn and other refugees from the Soviet Union that it has also occurred in the communists of the Soviet Union and the Eastern European satellites. However, a great deal of the passionate idealism and the confidence expectation of a glorious future remains in the youthful recruits of third world countries.

This makes it extremely important that the young idealists of Asia, Africa and Latin America be told the truth about the hideous history and deadly doctrines of communism. Once they know the truth, they are unlikely to be recruited into the communist ranks.

Communism is like a deadly cancer which grows at the edges while it rots at the center. Its growth must be prevented if the life of the free is to survive.

It is better spend thousands of dollars to tell the truth about the false doctrines, hideous history and evil intentions of communism to the idealist students of Central America and thereby prevent their recruitment into the ranks of the communist guerrillas, than to spend millions of dollars and rivers of blood fighting them after recruitment.

#### THE PLIGHT OF CUBANS WHO HAVE TRIED TO LEAVE CUBA

The following report, written by Monsignor Eduard Boza Masvidal, Bishop of Los Teques, Venezuela and Romer Auzillary Bishop of Havana, Cuba, describes the fearsome plight of those who have attempted unsuccessfully to leave Cuba. It was published in the March 1983 edition of IDEAL magazine. It has been translated from Spanish by Jose G. Roig:

"The plight of Cuban political prisoners, present and former, has been described and denounced frequently. Today, I would like to bring to the attention of all free persons and people of the world, and especially to all international organizations seeking to promote human rights, the less-known but not less-serious situation in which many thousands of Cubans find themselves in communist-subjugated Cuba. Never, in the 23 years that the communist regime has lasted, has the desperation of the Cuban people reached the extent that it has attained now, when there is a massive outcry from those who, in a manner similar to that of the person who is drowning, beg to be helped to escape from a situation that has become intolerable.

"The situation of those who requested exit visas during the massive exodus through the port of Mariel, two years ago, and could not get them is especially grave. These people, who number tens of thousands, have been victimized in many ways.

"1. Following the filling of their applications for exit visas, they suffered from the so-called 'repudiation actions', that consisted of submitting them to all kinds of insults, humiliations, and verbal and physical attacks by organized mobs that acted with the approval of the communist regime. These sometimes led to injury or death.

"2. They were automatically dismissed from their jobs, which meant they were left without any means to provide the most urgent needs of their families and themselves. If, in order to make some money to buy food or some other need, they would sell any small product manufactured at home, or would render any kind of private service in their respective trades, they would be charged with 'illegal activities'. Their tools and materials would then be confiscated, and they would be tried and fined or sent to prison. They found themselves forced, therefore, to live off the charity of whoever is willing and able to give them something. This is not easy, because nobody has enough of anything. Their only alternative is to steal in order to eat, and this is an even more serious infraction.

"3. In many instances, they were deprived of their rationing coupons, that are needed to buy anything. Even if they had the coupons, they lacked money for their purchases.

"4. Their children were expelled from schools and left without the possibility of an education.

"5. Some were deprived of public utilities (water, gas and telephone).

"6. Many of them have seen their families split with spouses separated and from children deprived of their parents. This has come to pass because a few members of their families were allowed to board the ships that went to the United States, while the remaining relatives were told that 'they would leave on the following days', which never materialized. This awkward situation has brought about tremendous anguish and desperation for many.

"7. They have been ridiculed, discriminated against, and isolated because of their failure to follow communist ideology or their decision to exercise their right to leave the country.

"This is a summary of the situation of all these persons. It is difficult to describe what it means to be forced to live in suffering on the margin of society. Under these circumstances, it is very logical for them to seek to escape to any other place where living conditions are more humane.

"But then comes the second problem. After enduring the difficulties involved in getting an exit visa, the big question is raised: Where to go? Because almost all countries have gradually closed their doors. The United States, after the massive 'invasion' of 125,000 Cubans from Mariel, has regulated drastically the entry permits granted and only admits those relatives claimed by U.S. citizens or permanent residents, with a series of priorities and quotas that delay immigration for many years. Spain is in no condition to admit persons and allow them to work, because it faces an enormous rate of unemployment, so it has also restricted immigration."

Those who are privileged to live in the United States should thank God every day.

#### A MEXICAN CATHOLIC BISHOP PRAISES CUBA AND MARXISM

##### SERGIO MENDEZ

Arceom presititious form bishop of Cuernavaca, Mexico, whose catheddral was founded by Hernan Cortes in 1529, on his recent visit to Havana reaffirme dhis well-known stands in favor of the cause of the poor and dispossessed everywhere in Latin America, while being sharply critical of the Reagan administration's policy toward those peoples of the Rio Bravo who have achieved liberatoin or are still struggling for it.

Mendez Arceo, who said in 1981 that a clear thinking Christian could be a Marxist or a Communist and who illustrated his assertion by saying, "I am a bishop and cannot divorce myself from hiostry and therefore, I am not anti-Marxist and I am anti-imperialist," took part in the Standing People Tribunal session held in January in Madrid to judge the case of Guatemala.

On his way back to Mexico, Mendez Arceo made a stop in Havana. This was his fourth visit to our country. Following his first visit in the early '70s, he said in an interview for the Mexican daily Excelsior that what he had seen in Cuba "confirms my idea that the only way out for our countries is socialism."

He also said on that occasion that he wished the Latin American countries would change their attitude toward Cuba and that Christian on this continent could become aware of the Cuban reality and the importance of the message implicit in that reality. He insisted on the idea that "those of us who accept the possibility of strategic collaboration with Marxism should delve deeply into these aspects of science- and Marxism and ideal of human coexistence."

This time the doctor in ecclesiastical history who several months ago resigned from his post as bishop of Cuernavaca due to his age (75) and was practicing priest for 49 years, howed his pelasures over what he had seen and heard on his tour of various parts of Cuba. He said had found a Marxist Cuba loyal to the ideals of Jose Martf once again and a free people in solidariyt with the best Latin American causes.

The bishop of Cuervaca - as international press will continue to refer to him - is clear-cut and straightforward when he speaks. In one of his Sunday sermons in April 1981 he called the United States the permanent enemy of our peoples and wondered aloud how anybody could respect those who look on Latin America as their backyard. He also said at the time that Washington couldn't be trusted to suspend the steady shipment of arms to the Salvadoran army.

Mendez Arceo, who has earned the respect of the Latin American peoples for his honesty and outspokenness, gave us an account of the session on Guatemala held recently by the Standing Peoples' Tribunal, composed of intellectuals, jurists and writers (among them two Nobel Prize winners). He drew attention to the verdict condemning the United States and demanding international recognition of the guerilla organization in Guatemala as belligerents.

"The final document holds the United States directly responsible - and other nations accomplices to the fact - for their aid and support for the Rios Montt regime, which is described as genocidal. It states that, given their magnitude, the torture, mass killings and forced disappearance of persons constitute crimes against humanity as stipulated in the statutes of the Nuremberg Court that turned in a verdict of guilty against the Nazi war criminals following the end of World War II.

"The genocidal actions of the Guatemalan regime are designed to wipe out the Indians in a country where at least 50 percent of the inhabitants are Indians. There are many who assert that the figure is over 70 percent and in some regions it is as high as 90 percent. The thing is that the guerrilla fighters speak to the Indians in their native language and the Indians, who have been disillusioned so often by false promises, now have confidence in the struggle for liberation," he said.

"Nicaragua is doing a fine job defending its integrity against the U.S. government, which is now carrying out military maneuvers right on Nicaragua's border. I am very impressed by the northern border of Nicaragua and it seems to me that it corresponds to a certain extent with Mexico's northern border. International solidarity in favor of Nicaragua is playing a very important role.

"The Salvadoran guerrillas have practically become a regular army and have abundant armament captured from the government's troops. Nobody can deceive the Salvadoran soldiers any longer, and they know that if they surrender they will not be mistreated. The regime's troops are demoralized and the number of deserters grows by leaps and bounds.  
End

## REHEARSAL FOR SLAUGHTER

The communists of the Progressive Labor Party are intoxicated with violence. Their report of their attack on a Klan march in Detroit on March 5, is reminiscent of one street gang planning and executing a "rumble" with another gang. It is more alarming because the majority of the members of the Progressive Labor Party are not unemployed and under-privileged; they are privileged students, teachers, and professionals.

The thoughts of such a group with such communist philosophy exercising real power in this country generates nightmarish visions of bloodshed and torture:

**KKK STOMPED!**

DETROIT, MARCH 15 - WE COULD SEE FIVE racist terrorists coming up the street with their police escort wearing their rotten racist robes and pointy hats. We said to each other, "They don't have enough cops to protect them, so get ready."

We had seen in the morning paper that Wilkinson the Klan Wizard had called a demonstration to protest his being denied air-time on Channel 7 TV. On two hours notice we got organized, drove to the suburb of Southfield and set up our picket line outside the studio. We were surprised to discover that we were the ones opposing the Klan (except for a few neighborhood liberals). We all knew the plan was to attack on signal, and when the signal was given we charged, went right by the cops there and jumped them. The cops were taken by surprise but recovered quickly, and true to their role of protectors of fascists they pulled us off; but such was our hatred of the KKK that we bloodied them with our first rush.

Four of us were arrested, but the Klan was taught again that PLP and InCAR are in a battle to the death with them. We aren't going to let them spread their racist poison. We will organize the masses of workers and other anti-racists and stomp the Klan into the dust.

#### ABUSE OF PSYCHIATRY IN THE SOVIET UNION

The Soviet Association of Psychiatrists (AUSNP) has resigned from the World Psychiatric Association (WPA). This is the Soviet response to the establishment of a review committee in 1979 by the WPA to investigate abuse of psychiatry for political purposes in the Soviet Union.

The main charges against the Soviet psychiatry are:

1. The use of a diagnosis ("sluggish" schizophrenia) not acknowledge in any other country to justify the compulsory incarceration or treatment of dissenters.
2. The forcible detention of persons (without right of appeal) who do not threaten violence to themselves or others.
3. The administration of drugs to patients against their will.
4. The use of excessive doses of psychotropic drugs with punitive intent.
5. The use of painful drugs with no acknowledged therapeutic value.
6. The punitive incarceration of subjects far from their homes and with bans on visits by family or friends or the receipt of food parcels or letters.
7. The severe harassment of Soviet psychiatrists and others who have complained about these practices.

The Soviet communists believe sincerely that all dissenters are mentally and emotionally disturbed. This follows logically from their basic premises which include the convictions that the Communist Party is the mind of the Soviet Union. If this is so, anyone dissenting from the decisions of the party is alienated from his own mind. False premises lead to irrational conduct.

Dear Friend,

It is too soon to report the response to my sending a copy of the Spanish-English edition of "Why I am Against Communism" to our entire mailing list with a plea for financial help to enable us to give a copy also to all the students and teachers of Central America as well as to many Spanish-speaking teachers and students in the U.S.A.

We are proceeding immediately with the distribution of this book to all the students and teachers of Guatemala, and I am awaiting expectantly the response of my request for \$100,000 for this purpose. I do thank those who have already given. Won't you join their ranks if you have not yet sent your gift?

President Reagan delivers an inspiring message to the National Association of Evangelicals on March 8. He had the audacity to speak as a Christian to Christians. For this he has been castigated by segments of the National News Media and the Academy. Critical editorials have appeared in such publications as THE WASHINGTON POST, THE NEW YORK TIMES, THE NEW REPUBLIC, and THE NATION. The writers appear to believe that the President of the United States must be a religious eunuch without strong convictions.

The statement which has drawn the most criticism is:

"Yes, let us pray for the salvation of all those who live in the totalitarian darkness.. Pray they will discover the joy of knowing God. But until they do, let us be aware that while they preach the supremacy of the state, declare its omnipotence over individual man, and predict its domination of all peoples of the earth--the are the focus of evil in the modern world."

The president's critics appear to be unaware that delusional doctrines often lead to vile deeds. The communist doctrines of class, class guilt, class conflict and class liquidation have led to massive slaughter in the past, and it is probably that they will do so in the future if the communists achieve their goal of power over all the nations of the world. Recent events in Cambodia should serve as a warning to all.

I rejoice because President Reagan is stating truths which I have repeatedly affirmed: One of these is:



"While America's military strength is important, let me add there that I have always maintained that the struggle now going on for the world will never be decided by bombs or rockets, by armies or military might. The real crisis we face today is a spiritual one; at root it is a test of moral will and faith."

While the government builds military strength, let us use the sword of truth to slay the lies of the enemy of God and human freedom. Please demonstrate the quality of your faith and will be sending your best gift to enable us to distribute the Spanish-English edition of "Why I am Against Communism" to the students and teachers of Guatemala, other Countries of Central America, Mexico and the U.S.A.

With Christian Love,

Fred Schwarz

P.S. A copy of the complete speech of Ronald Reagan will be sent upon request.